BROADCASTING CORPORATION OF NIUE

Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

Broadcasting Corporation of Niue Contents For the year ended 30 June 2024

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Broadcasting Corporation of Niue Directors' statement For the year ended 30 June 2024

The Board of the Broadcasting Corporation of Niue is pleased to present the Corporation's Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2024.

We hereby declare that:

- We have been responsible for the preparation of these financial statements and the judgments made in them.
- We are responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of financial reporting.
- We confirm that all statutory requirements in relation to the financial statements have been complied with, unless stated otherwise in these financial statements.
- In our opinion these financial statements fairly reflect the financial position and operations of the Corporation for the year ended 30 June 2024.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on _19/05/2025.

Direct

Director

Broadcasting Corporation of Niue Statement of financial performance For the year ended 30 June 2024

		2024	2023
	Note	\$	\$
Revenue			
Government grants		401,053	319,944
Revenue from provision of goods & services	4	101,717	154,625
Miscellaneous income		2,500	-
Total revenue		505,270	474,569
Expenditure			
Personnel	5	308,291	313,470
Depreciation & amortisation	5 & 6	39,020	31,448
Materials, supplies & services	5	8,459	20,493
Travel & transport	5	12,538	14,449
Other operating expenses	5	160,558	197,803
Total expenditure		528,866	577,663
Net loss		(23,596)	(103,094)

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Share capital	Accumulated losses	Total equity
	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 30 June 2022	387,724	(377,797)	9,927
Net loss		(103,094)	(103,094)
Balance at 30 June 2023	387,724	(480,891)	(93,167)
Net loss	-	(23,596)	(23,596)
Donated assets	21,156	-	21,156
Balance at 30 June 2024	408,880	(504,487)	(95,607)

Broadcasting Corporation of Niue Statement of financial position As at 30 June 2024

		2024	2023
	Note	\$	\$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		5,621	15,800
Trade and other debtors	7	1,116	1,150
Total current assets		6,737	16,950
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	6	251,424	261,181
Intangible assets			1,479
Total non-current assets		251,424	262,660
Total assets		258,161	279,610
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other creditors	8	342,839	357,322
Employee entitlements	9	10,929	15,455
Total current liabilities		353,768	372,777
Total liabilities		353,768	372,777
Net liabilities		(95,607)	(93,167)
Equity			
Share capital		408,880	387,724
Accumulated losses		(504,487)	(480,891)
Total equity		(95,607)	(93,167)

Broadcasting Corporation of Niue Statement of cash flows For the year ended 30 June 2024

	2024	2023
	Þ	\$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts of government grant	(754)	17,254
Receipts from customers / taxpayers / funding providers	104,251	154,625
Payments to suppliers	(81,623)	(137, 251)
Payments to employees	(25,425)	(43,669)
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,551)	(9,041)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(6,628)	(10,455)
Net cash used in investing activities	(6,628)	(10,455)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(10,179)	(19,496)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	15,800	35,296
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	5,621	15,800
Reconciliation from net loss to net cash flows from operations		
Net loss	(23,596)	(103,094)
Adjustments for non-cash items		
Depreciation & amortisation	39,020	31,448
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	43,781
(Decrease) / increase in employee entitlements	(4,526)	656
Total adjustments for non-cash items	34,494	75,885
Movements in working capital		
(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(14,483)	18,168
Total movements in working capital	(14,449)	18,168
Net cash flows from operating activities	(3,551)	(9,041)

1 Reporting entity

Broadcasting Corporation of Niue ('the Corporation') is a statutory body created by the Broadcasting Act 1989 with a Board of Directors charged with the responsibility of formulating practices and policies.

The primary function of the Corporation is to operate the electronic media of radio and television for the purpose of providing entertainment, information and education.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost and deemed cost basis.

These functional and presentation currency is New Zealand Dollars (NZD).

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. This is on the basis that the Government of Niue will continue to financially support the Corporation in the foreseeable future. The Board, after making enquiries, has a reasonable expectation that the Corporation has adequate resources to continue to operate for the foreseeable future, based on current trading terms and legislative requirements. The key considerations included the Board receiving a letter of comfort, dated ______, from the Minister of Finance and the Financial Secretary which states that the Government of Niue will continue to provide support to the Corporation to ensure that it remains a going concern.

2.2 Statement of compliance

These financial statements include the financial information of the Corporation for the year ended 30 June 2024.

The financial statements have been prepared using the accounting policies described on pages 7 to 9. The financial statements comply with Government of Niue Accounting Policies.

In preparing the financial statements, management has prepared a statement of financial position at 30 June 2024 and a statement of financial performance, statement of cash flows, and statement of changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2024.

2.3 Property, plant and equipment

Land and Buildings were predominantly recognised in the financial statements for the first time in the year ended 30 June 1998. The valuation was performed by Darroch Ltd, registered valuers, on 30 March 1998. The valuation is considered an appropriate estimate of deemed cost as at 1 July 1997. Subsequent additions are recorded at cost minus depreciation (for buildings).

Other items of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the statement of financial position at cost minus depreciation / amortisation.

Donated assets are recorded in the statement of financial position at replacement cost or deemed cost in the year of receipt minus depreciation. Assets donated by the Parent are recognised as capital contributions.

Depreciation is charged on a straight line basis at rates calculated to allocate the cost over the estimated remaining useful life of the asset. The economic lives of assets and resulting depreciation rates are as follows:

-	Land	Indefinite	Nil
-	Buildings	5-50 years	2 - 20%
-	Machinery	5-10 years	10 - 20%
-	Motor vehicle and other	5 years	20%
177	Electronic Equipment	3-5 years	20 - 33.3%

These estimated useful lives and resulting depreciation rates result from application of the Corporation's accounting policies, but are themselves not part of these accounting policies.

2.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and funds on deposit with banks and are measured at their face value.

2.5 Debtors

Debtors are valued at expected realisable value after providing for doubtful debts.

2.6 Current liabilities

Provision is made for all known and identifiable liabilities existing at balance date.

2.7 Employee entitlements

The monetary value of benefits earned but not yet utilised by employees is recognised as a liability if employees are entitled to monetary compensation upon resigning or retiring, or if they are certain to enjoy the benefits after a minimum length of service. Employee entitlements comprise mainly accrued salaries, annual leave, and accrued long service leave and retiring leave.

Accrued salaries comprise the portion of salaries that are earned prior to balance date but are paid after balance date. Annual leave is the value of leave days granted at the beginning of each leave year but not yet taken at balance date, valued using the salaries at balance date.

The provisions for long service leave and retiring leave are no longer held as there is no contractual or statutory requirement for the Corporation to provide this benefit to their employees.

Benefits that have been earned and are due within one year from balance date, are recognised under current liabilities; the likelihood of these benefits being utilised by employees is deemed high enough, and the measurement of them accurate enough, to consider the accrued value to be a liability.

2.8 Revenue

Generally, revenue is recognised in the period that the related services are provided. This includes licensing revenue and other services. Operating grants from the Government of Niue consist mainly of grants for specific expenditure such revenue is recognised in the period that the related expenditure is incurred, but may from time to time include general operating grants, which is recognised according to the stipulations underlying those grants.

2.9 Income tax

The Broadcasting Act 1989 provided that the Corporation shall, for a period of ten years from the date of commencement of this Act, not be liable to income tax, customs duty or any other taxation or duty. The Broadcasting Act 1989 came into force on 8 June 1989. Therefore the Corporation became subject to income taxation and duties on 8 June 1999.

2.10 Statement of cash flows

Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement comprise cash on hand and bank account balances which form part of the day to day management of the Corporation.

2.11 Financial assets

Financial instruments include bank accounts, debtors and creditors. All financial instruments are recognised in the statement of financial position and all revenues and expenses in relation to financial instruments are recognised in the statement of financial performance.

3 Events and decisions with significant accounting impacts

3.1 Changes in accounting policies

There have been no changes in accounting policies during the year.

3.2 Changes in accounting estimates

There have been no changes in accounting estimates during the year.

3.3 Prior year errors

No material prior year errors were identified.

3.4 Major events

No major events occurred during the year that had a significant impact on these financial statements.

3.5 Subsequent events

There were no subsequent events after balance date.

3.6 Compliance with Legislation

The Broadcasting Corporation of Niue is governed by the Broadcasting Act 1989. Section 34 states that the Corporation shall within three months after the end of the Corporation's financial year prepare and furnish to the Minister a report of its operations during the year ended on that date together with the financial statements in respect of that year. Section 33 requires that the financial statements be audited. These financial statements were prepared and audited outside of the three month requirement.

4 Revenue from provision of goods & services

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Revenue from radio advertisements	30,915	19,692
Revenue from TVN Digital	59,032	74,015
Revenue from TV advertisements	841	29,094
Other revenue	10,929	31,824
Total revenue from the provision of goods & services	101,717	154,625
5 Expenditure		
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Salaries	278,109	277,930
Board fees	1,540	3,700
Contract wages	15,007	16,849
Staff training & seminars	2,512	4,870
Super subsidy	11,123	10,121
Personnel expenses	308,291	313,470
Depreciation of property, plant & equipment	37,541	29,040
Amortisation of intangible assets	1,479	2,408
Depreciation & amortisation	39,020	31,448
Repairs & maintenance	5,382	13,842
Printing & stationery	3,077	1,291
Other supplies	=	5,360
Maintenance & materials	8,459	20,493
Fuel	5,741	7,944
Other travel & transport expenses	6,797	6,505
Travel & transport	12,538	14,449
Communication	3,673	2,168
Electricity	29,279	19,304
Professional fees	56,259	50,049
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		43,782
Other expenses	71,347	82,500
Other expenses	160,558	197,803
Total Expenditure	528,866	577,663

Professional fees includes the estimated audit fees for the year amounting to \$52,105 (2023: \$45,880).

6 Property, plant and equipment

	Land	Buildings	Machinery	Electronic Equipment	Motor vehicles and other PPE	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cost at 1 July 2023	27,000	371,842	31,000	85,463		539,625
Additions			-	26,309		27,784
Disposals		_	- 14	(790)	(14,630)	(15,420)
Cost at 30 June 2024	27,000	371,842	31,000	110,982	11,165	551,989
Accumulated depreciation at 1 July 2023		200,424	29,450	29,483	19,087	278,444
Depreciation	1949	8,583	1,550	25,151	2,257	37,541
Eliminated on disposals			-	(790)	(14,630)	(15,420)
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2024	#	209,007	31,000	53,844		300,565
Net book value at 1 July 2023	27,000	171,418	1,550	55,980	5,233	261,181
Net book value at 30 June 2024	27,000	162,835		57,138	4,451	251,424
7 Trade and other	debtors					
					2024 \$	2023 \$
Trade debtors Less provision for doubtfu					136,256 (135,140)	136,290 (135,140)
Total trade and other d	ebtors				1,116	1,150
8 Trade and other	creditors					
		9			2024	2023
					\$	\$
Trade creditors					193,529	218,436
PAYE payable					32,157	30,273
NCT payable					117,153	108,613
Total trade and other co	reditors				342,839	357,322

9 Employee entitlements

	2024	2023 \$
Payroll accrual	6,993	7,210
Leave entitlements	3,936	8,245
Total employee entitlements	10,929	15,455

10 Financial instruments

10.1 General

The Corporation is party to financial instruments as part of its normal operations. These financial instruments may include bank accounts, investments, debtors, creditors and loans. All financial instruments are recognised in the statement of financial position and all revenues and expenses in relation to financial instruments are recognised in the statement of financial performance.

10.2 Credit Risk

The exposure to credit risk is monitored by reviewing the amounts that individual debtors owe on a regular basis. The Corporation does not have any significant concentrations of credit risk.

10.3 Currency Risk

The Corporation has exposure to foreign exchange risk as a result of transactions denominated in foreign currencies, arising from normal trading activities. The Corporation does not hedge against these exposures.

10.4 Interest Rate Risk

The Corporation is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

10.5 Fair Value

The fair value of financial instruments is equivalent to their carrying value in the statement of financial position.

11 Tax losses to carry forward

	2024	2023
Net profit / (deficit)	(23,596)	(103,094)
Less: non taxable income	(401,053)	(319,944)
Taxable (deficit)	(424,649)	(423,038)
Income tax rate	30%	30%
Eligible tax losses	(127,395)	(126,911)
Balance (refund) as at 1 July	(687,681)	(736,116)
Current year tax losses	(127,395)	(126,911)
Losses de-recognised due to six year rule	78,139	175,346
Total tax losses to carry forward	(736,937)	(687,681)
Summary of tax losses carried forward for the year ended 30 June 2015		
Summary of tax losses for the year ended 30 June 2018		78,139
Summary of tax losses for the year ended 30 June 2019	101,170	101,170
Summary of tax losses for the year ended 30 June 2020	149,201	149,201
Summary of tax losses for the year ended 30 June 2021	118,958	118,958
Summary of tax losses for the year ended 30 June 2022	113,302	113,302
Summary of tax losses for the year ended 30 June 2023	126,911	126,911
Summary of tax losses for the year ended 30 June 2024	127,395	-
Summary of tax losses carried forward	736,937	687,681

The Corporation derives most of its revenue from Government grants, which are exempt from income tax. This is not expected to change in the foreseeable future. As it is unlikely that these tax losses can be offset against future profits, no tax asset has been recognised in the statement of financial position.

Section 58 of the Income Tax Act 1961 allows taxable losses to be carried forward and offset against future taxable profits for up to six years.

12 Commitments

There were no commitments as at 30 June 2024 (2023: nil).

13 Contingencies

There were no contingencies as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil)

14 Related party transactions

The Corporation is wholly owned by the Government of Niue. The Government of Niue significantly influences the role of the Corporation and its major source of revenue. The Corporation enters into transactions with other government departments and other government owned entities on an arm's length basis.

Transactions entered into with related parties during the year, can be summarised as follows (net of NCT).

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Funding received from the Government of Niue	401,053	269,887
Funding received from donated assets	21,156	
Sales to the Government of Niue	30,800	57,675
Sales to Niue Development Bank	500	218
Sales to Niue Philatelic and Numismatic Corporation	889	_
Sales to Telecom Niue Limited		270
Purchases from Niue Development Bank	(1,426)	(2,426)
Purchases from Telecom Niue Limited	(5,065)	(2,203)
Purchases from the Government of Niue (Treasury)	(29,279)	(22,062)
	418,628	301,359

These transactions resulted in the following balances owed by / owing to related parties as at 30 June (net of NCT).

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Payable to Niue Philatelic and Numismatic Corporation Payable owing to Niue Bond Liquor Company Payable owing to Telecom Niue Limited Payable owing to Government of Niue (Treasury)	(59,973) (1,620) (5,837) (210,766)	(59,973) (1,620) (5,837) (196,966)
Receivable owing from Niue Philatelic and Numismatic Corporation	1,116	1,116
	(277,080)	(263,280)